FluxLight
Optical Transceivers

Build It *Bigger.* **Build It** *Faster.* **Build It** *Sooner.*

Quick Spec:

Part Number:	QDD-400G-LR4-A-FL
	QDD-400G-LR4-A-EXT-FL
	QDD-400G-LR4-A-IND-FL
	QDD-400G-LR4-A-FLT
	QDD-400G-LR4-A-EXT-FLT
	QDD-400G-LR4-A-IND-FLT
Form Factor:	QSFP56-DD
TX Wavelength:	1310nm
Reach:	10km
Cable Type:	SMF
Rate Category:	400GBase
Interface Type:	LR4
DDM:	Yes
Connector Type:	Dual-LC

Arista Compatible QDD-400G-LR4-A-FLT Features

- QSFP56-DD MSA compliant
- 4 CWDM lanes MUX/DEMUX design
- 100G Lambda MSA 100G-LR Specification compliant
- Up to 10km transmission on single mode fiber (SMF) with FEC
- 8x53.125Gb/s electrical interface (400GAUI-8)
- Data Rate 106.25Gbps (PAM4) per channel.
- Maximum power consumption 12W
- Duplex LC connector
- RoHS compliant
- Operating Case Temperature
    - Standard: 0°C to +70 °C
    - Extended   -5°C to +85 °C
    - Industrial   -40°C to +85 °C

Arista Compatible QDD-400G-LR4-A-FLT Applications

- Data Center Interconnect
- 400G Ethernet
- Infiniband interconnects
- Enterprise networking

Arista Compatible QDD-400G-LR4-A-FLT General Description

This product is a 400Gb/s Quad Small Form Factor Pluggable-double density (QSFP56-DD) optical module designed for 10km optical communication applications. The module converts 8 channels of 50Gb/s (PAM4) electrical input data to 4 channels of CWDM optical signals, and multiplexes them into a single channel for 400Gb/s optical transmission. Reversely, on the receiver side, the module optically de-multiplexes a 400Gb/s optical input into 4 channels of CWDM optical signals and converts them to 8 channels of 50Gb/s (PAM4) electrical output data.

The central wavelengths of the 4 CWDM channels are 1271, 1291, 1311 and 1331 nm as members of the CWDM wavelength grid defined in ITU-T G.694.2. It contains a duplex LC connector for the optical interface and a 76-pin connector for the electrical interface. To minimize the optical dispersion in the long-haul system, single-mode fiber (SMF) has to be applied in this module. Host FEC is required to support up to 10km fiber transmission

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP56-DD Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) Type 2. It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference.

Arista Compatible QDD-400G-LR4-A-FLT Functional Description

The module incorporates 4 independent channels on CWDM4 1271/1291/1311/1331nm center wavelength, operating at 100G per channel. The transmitter path incorporates 4 independent EML drivers and EML lasers together with an optical multiplexer. On the receiver path, an optical de- multiplexer is coupled to a 4-channel photodiode array. A DSP basis gearbox is used to convert 8 channels of 25GBaud PAM4 signals into 4 channels of 50GBaud PAM4 signals and also an 8-channel retimer and FEC block are integrated in this DSP. The electrical interface is compliant with IEEE 802.3bs and QSFP56-DD MSA in the transmitting and receiving directions, and the optical interface is compliant to IEEE 802.3bs with duplex LC connector.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up this product. All the power supply pins are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. As per MSA specifications the module offers seven low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, InitMode, ModPrsL and IntL.
Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, this product responds to 2- wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of this product on a single 2- wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines must be used.

Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the memory map.

The ResetL pin enables a complete reset, returning the settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until it indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The product indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data_Not_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

Initialize Mode (InitMode) is an input signal. It is pulled up to Vcc in the QSFP56-DD module. The InitMode signal allows the host to define whether the QSFP56-DD module will initialize under host software control (InitMode asserted High) or module hardware control (InitMode deasserted Low). Under host software control, the module shall remain in Low Power Mode until software enables the transition to High Power Mode, as defined in the QSFP56-DD Management Interface Specification. Under hardware control (InitMode de-asserted Low), the module may immediately transition to High Power Mode after the management interface is initialized. The host shall not change the state of this signal while the module is present. In legacy QSFP applications, this signal is named LPMode. See SFF-8679 for LPMode signal description.

Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a product, is normally pulled up to

the host Vcc. When the product is inserted into the connector, it completes the path to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates its present by setting ModPrsL to a "Low" state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. "Low" indicates a possible operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.
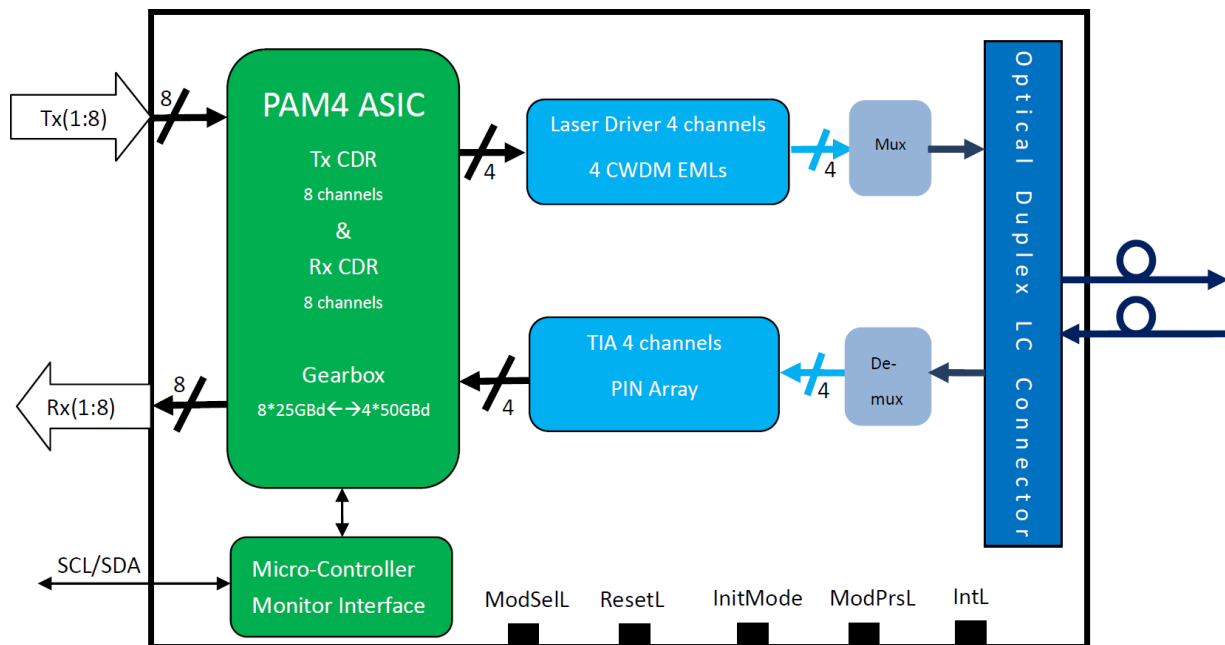
Transceiver Block Diagram

Figure 1. Transceiver Block Diagram

Pin Assignment and Description

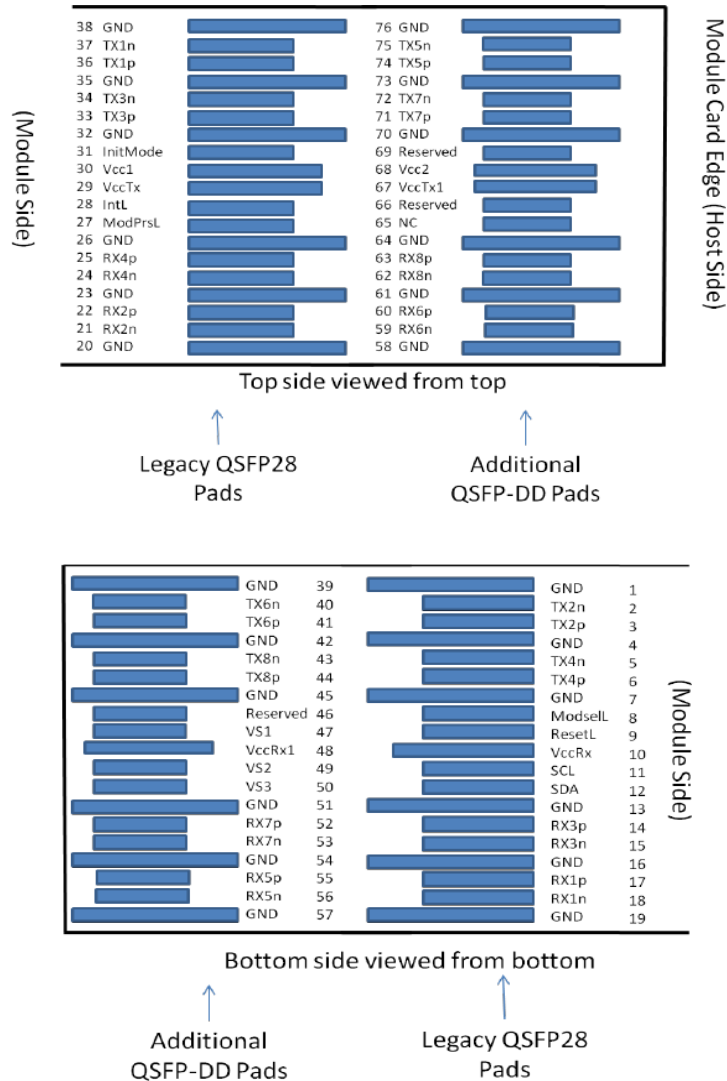The electrical pinout of the QSFP56-DD module is shown in Figure 2 below.

Top side viewed from top

Legacy QSFP28 Pads   Additional QSFP-DD Pads

(Module Side)   Module Card Edge (Host Side)

38	GND	
37	TX1n	
36	TX1p	
35	GND	
34	TX3n	
33	TX3p	
32	GND	
31	InitMode	
30	Vcc1	
29	VccTx	
28	IntL	
27	ModPrsL	
26	GND	
25	RX4p	
24	RX4n	
23	GND	
22	RX2p	
21	RX2n	
20	GND	

76	GND	
75	TX5n	
74	TX5p	
73	GND	
72	TX7n	
71	TX7p	
70	GND	
69	Reserved	
68	Vcc2	
67	VccTx1	
66	Reserved	
65	NC	
64	GND	
63	RX8p	
62	RX8n	
61	GND	
60	RX6p	
59	RX6n	
58	GND	

Bottom side viewed from bottom

Additional QSFP-DD Pads   Legacy QSFP28 Pads

(Module Side)

GND	39	
TX6n	40	
TX6p	41	
GND	42	
TX8n	43	
TX8p	44	
GND	45	
Reserved	46	
VS1	47	
VccRx1	48	
VS2	49	
VS3	50	
GND	51	
RX7p	52	
RX7n	53	
GND	54	
RX5p	55	
RX5n	56	
GND	57	

GND	1	
TX2n	2	
TX2p	3	
GND	4	
TX4n	5	
TX4p	6	
GND	7	
ModselL	8	
ResetL	9	
VccRx	10	
SCL	11	
SDA	12	
GND	13	
RX3p	14	
RX3n	15	
GND	16	
RX1p	17	
RX1n	18	
GND	19	

Figure 2. MSA Compliant Connector

Pin Definition

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Description	Plug Sequence
1		GND	Ground	1B
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B
4		GND	Ground	1B
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B
7		GND	Ground	1B
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	3B
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	3B
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2B
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-wire serial interface clock	3B
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire serial interface data	3B
13		GND	Ground	1B
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B
16		GND	Ground	1B
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B
19		GND	Ground	1B
20		GND	Ground	1B
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B
23		GND	Ground	1B
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3B
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3B
26		GND	Ground	1B
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present	3B
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt	3B
29		VccTx	+3.3V Power supply transmitter	2B
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power supply	2B
31	LVTTL-I	InitMode	Initialization mode; In legacy QSFP applications, the InitMode pad is called LPMODE	3B
32		GND	Ground	1B

33	CML-I	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B
35		GND	Ground	1B
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3B
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3B
38		GND	Ground	1B
39		GND	Ground	1A
40	CML-I	Tx6n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A
41	CML-I	Tx6p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A
42		GND	Ground	1A
43	CML-I	Tx8n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A
44	CML-I	Tx8p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A
45		GND	Ground	1A
46		Reserved	For future use	3A
47		VS1	Module Vendor Specific 1	3A
48		VccRx1	3.3V Power Supply	2A
49		VS2	Module Vendor Specific 2	3A
50		VS3	Module Vendor Specific 3	3A
51		GND	Ground	1A
52	CML-O	Rx7p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A
53	CML-O	Rx7n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A
54		GND	Ground	1A
55	CML-O	Rx5p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A
56	CML-O	Rx5n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A
57		GND	Ground	1A
58		GND	Ground	1A
59	CML-O	Rx6n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A
60	CML-O	Rx6p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A
61		GND	Ground	1A
62	CML-O	Rx8n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	3A
63	CML-O	Rx8p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	3A
64		GND	Ground	1A
65		NC	No Connect	3A
66		Reserved	For future use	3A
67		VccTx1	3.3V Power Supply	2A
68		Vcc2	3.3V Power Supply	2A
69		Reserved	For Future Use	3A
70		GND	Ground	1A

71	CML-I	Tx7p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A
72	CML-I	Tx7n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A
73		GND	Ground	1A
74	CML-I	Tx5p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	3A
75	CML-I	Tx5n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	3A
76		GND	Ground	1A

Recommended Power Supply Filter
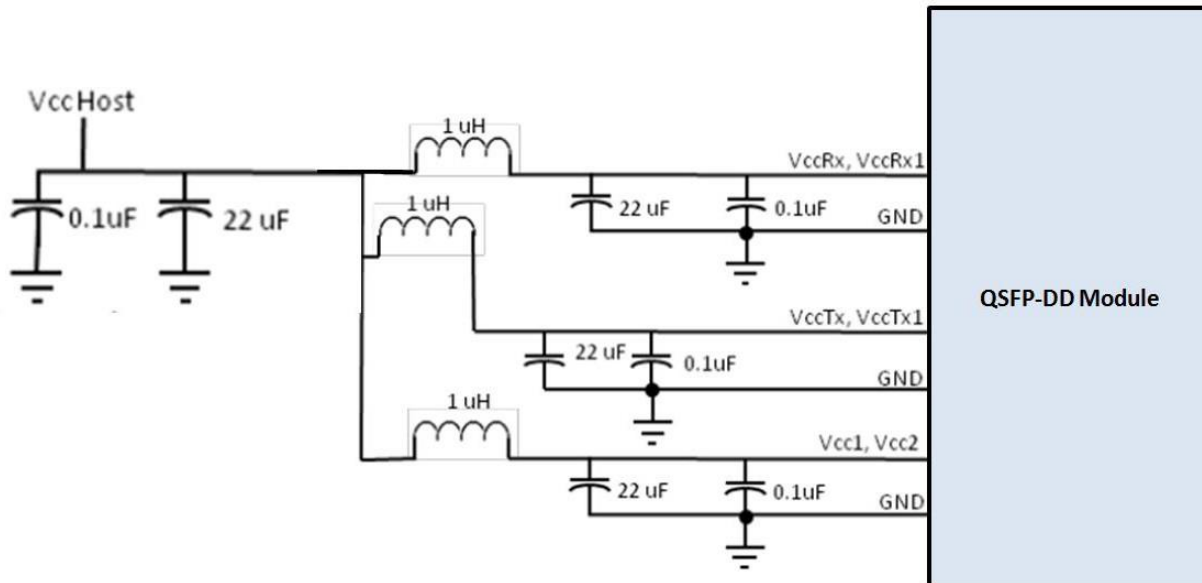
Absolute Maximum Ratings

It has to be noted that the operation in excess of any individual absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	T_S	-40	85	degC	
Operating Case Temperature – Commercial	T_{OP}	0	70	degC	
Operating Case Temperature – Industrial	T_{OP}	-40	85	degC	
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5	3.6	V	
Relative Humidity (non-condensation)	RH	0	85	%	

Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	TOP	0		70	degC	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Data Rate, each Lane			26.5625		GBd	PAM4
Data Rate Accuracy		-100		100	ppm	
Pre-FEC Bit Error Ratio				2.4×10^{-4}		
Post-FEC Bit Error Ratio				1×10^{-12}		1
Link Distance	D	0.5		10	km	2

Notes:

1. FEC provided by host system.

2. FEC required on host system to support maximum distance.

Electrical Characteristics

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Test Point	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Parameter
Power Consumption				12	W	Power Consumption
Supply Current	Icc			3.64	A	Supply Current
Transmitter (each Lane)						
Signaling Rate, each Lane	TP1		26.5625 ± 100 ppm		GBd	
Differential pk-pk Input Voltage	TP1a	900			mVpp	1
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP1			10	%	
Differential Input Return Loss	TP1		IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-5)		dB	
Differential to Common Mode Input Return Loss	TP1		IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-6)		dB	
Module Stressed Input Test	TP1a		See IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.4.1			2
Single-ended Voltage Tolerance Range (Min)	TP1a		-0.4 to 3.3		V	
DC Common Mode Input Voltage	TP1	-350		2850	mV	3
Receiver (each Lane)						
Signaling Rate, each lane	TP4		26.5625 ± 100 ppm		GBd	
Differential Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage	TP4			900	mVpp	
AC Common Mode Output Voltage, RMS	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP4			10	%	
Differential Output Return Loss	TP4		IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-2)			
Common to Differential Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP4		IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-3)			
Transition Time, 20% to 80%	TP4		9.5		ps	
Near-end Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)	TP4			0.265	UI	
Near-end Eye Height, Differential	TP4		70		mV	
Far-end Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)	TP4			0.2	UI	
Far-end Eye Height, Differential			30		mV	

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|						
Far-end Pre-cursor ISI Ratio			-4.5		2.5	%	
Common Mode Output Voltage (Vcm)			-350		2850	mV	3

Notes:

1. With the exception to IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.1.2 that the pattern is PRBS31Q or scrambled idle.

2. Meets BER specified in IEEE 802.3bs 120E.1.1.

3. DC common mode voltage generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Wavelength Assignment	L0	1264.5	1271	1277.5	nm	
	L1	1284.5	1291	1297.5	nm	
	L2	1304.5	1311	1317.5	nm	
	L3	1324.5	1331	1337.5	nm	
Transmitter						
Data Rate, each Lane			53.125 ± 100 ppm		GBd	
Modulation Format			PAM4			
Side-mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	Modulated
Total Average Launch Power	PT			10	dBm	
Average Launch Power, each Lane	PAVG	-1.4		4.5	dBm	1
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA$_{outer}$), each Lane	POMA	0.7		4.7	dBm	2
Launch Power in OMA$_{outer}$ minus TDECQ, each Lane		-0.7			dB	For ER ≥4.5dB
Launch Power in OMA$_{outer}$ minus TDECQ, each Lane		-0.6			dB	For ER <4.5dB
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Clouser for PAM4, each Lane	TDECQ			3.4	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Difference in Launch Power between any Two Lanes (OMA$_{outer}$)				4	dB	
RIN$_{15.6}$OMA	RIN			-136	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			15.6	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	TR			-26	dB	
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter, each Lane	Poff			-20	dBm	
Receiver						
Data Rate, each Lane			53.125 ± 100 ppm		GBd	
Modulation Format			PAM4			
Damage Threshold, each Lane	TH$_d$	5.5			dBm	3
Average Receive Power, each Lane		-7.7		4.5	dBm	4
Receive Power (OMA$_{outer}$), each Lane				4.7	dBm	
Difference in Receiver Power between any Two Lanes (OMA$_{outer}$)				4.1	dB	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA$_{outer}$), each Lane	SEN			-6.6	dBm	For BER of 2.4E-4
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA$_{outer}$), each Lane	SRS		See Figure 4		dBm	5
Receiver Reflectance	RR			-26	dB	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	

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Optical Transceivers
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Arista Compatible QDD-400G-LR4-A-FLT
1310nm, Dual-LC, LR4, SMF, 10km

LOS De-assert	LOSD			-12	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	
Stressed Conditions for Stress Receiver Sensitivity (Note 6)						
Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ), Lane underTest		0.9		3.4	dB	
OMA$_{outer}$ of each Aggressor Lane			1.5		dBm	

1. Notes:
2. Average launch power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
3. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4 dB for an extinction ratio of ≥ 4.5 dB or TDECQ < 1.3 dB for an extinction ratio of < 4.5 dB, the OMA$_{outer}$ (min) must exceed the minimum value specified here.
4. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level.
5. Average receive power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
6. Measured with conformance test signal for BER = 2.4×10^{-4}. A compliant receiver shall have stressed receiver sensitivity (OMA$_{outer}$), each lane values below the mask of Figure 4, for SECQ values between 0.9 and 3.4 dB.
7. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver
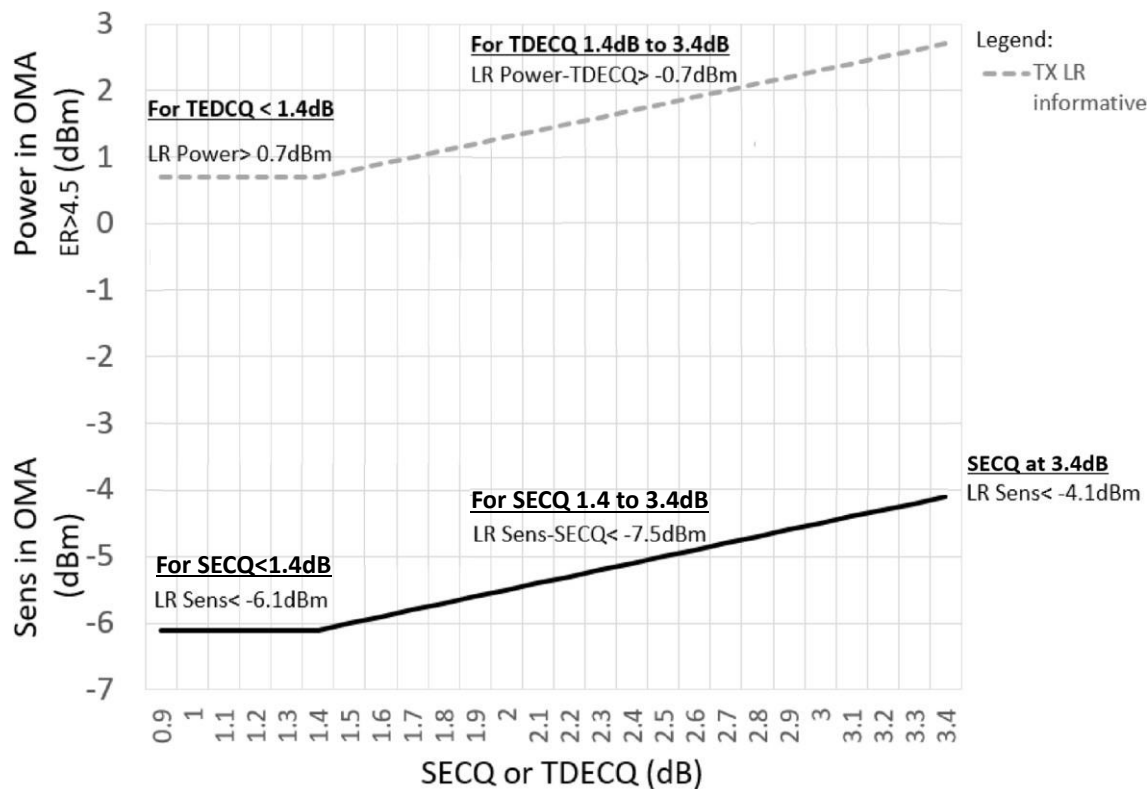
Digital Diagnostic Functions

The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the normal operating conditions unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	Over operating temperature range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI _VCC	-0.1	0.1	V	Over full operating range
Channel RX power monitor bsolute error	DMI_RX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1
Channel Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias_Ch	-10%	10%	mA	
Channel TX power monitor bsolute error	DMI_TX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1

Notes:

1. Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional +/-1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.

Mechanical Dimensions
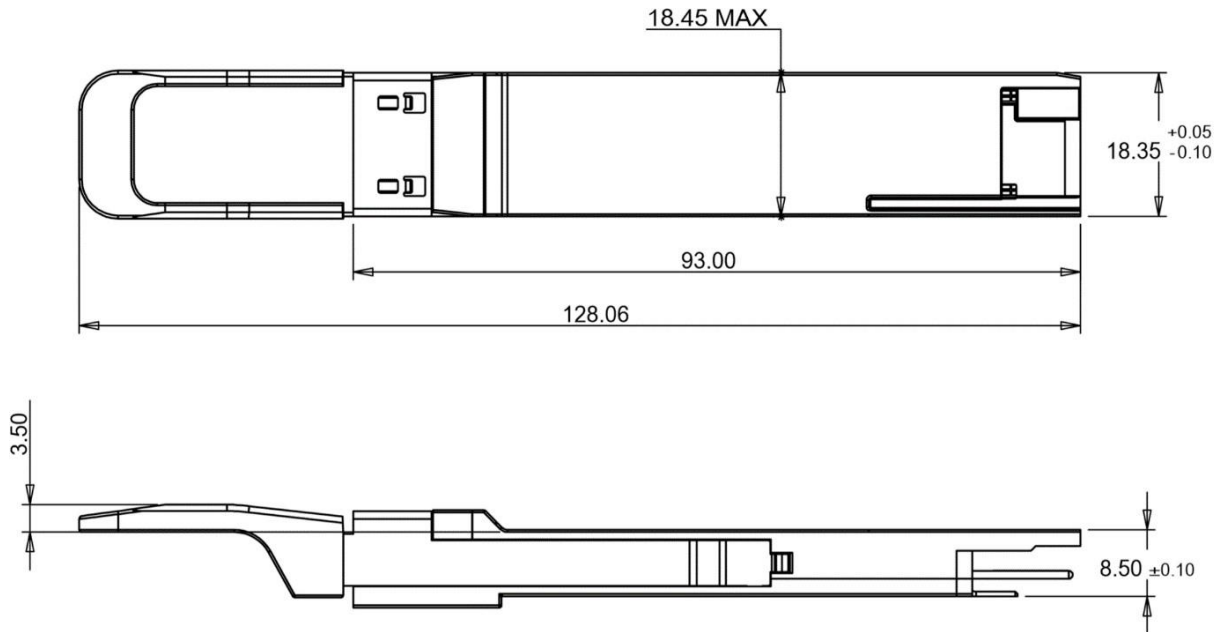
ESD

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for high speed data pins and 2kV for all other electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22- A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

Laser Safety

This is a Class 1 Laser Product according to EN 60825-1:2014. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).
Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Licensing

The following U.S. patents are licensed by Finisar to FluxLight, Inc.:
U.S. Patent Nos: 7,184,668, 7,079,775, 6,957,021, 7,058,310, 6,952,531, 7,162,160, 7,050,720