

Build It Bigger. Build It Faster. Build It Sooner.

Part Number: 1000Base-BXD-60km

Quick Spec:

Form Factor: SFP-BIDI TX Wavelength: 1490nm Reach: 60km Cable Type: **SMF** Rate Category: 10000Base Interface Type: RX DDM: Yes

Operating Temp: o°C to 50°C. Connector Type: Single-LC



1000Base-BXD-60km-Ind Overview

FluxLight's 1000Base-BXD-60km SFP-BIDI optical transceivers are based on Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3 standard and Fiber Channel FC-PI-2 Rev.7.0 and provide a quick and reliable interface for the GE/FC application. The Digital diagnostics functions are available via 2-wire serial bus specified in the SFP MSA. In addition, they comply with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi Sourcing Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472.

Product Features

- Up to 1.25 GBd bi-directional data links
- Single LC connector
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3z Gigabit Ethernet
- . Compliant with SFP MSA
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- 1490nm DFB laser transmitter
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- Up to 60km on 9/125um SMF
- Single power supply 3.3V
- **RoHS Compliance**
- Class 1 laser product complies with EN 60825-1
- Operating Case Temperature
 - Standard o to +70 °C
 - Industrial -40 to +85 °C

Applications

- 1.25 GBd Gigabit Ethernet
- 1.063 GBd Fiber Channel

General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Data Rate	DR		1.25		GBd	IEEE 802.3
Data Rate	DK		1.062		ава	FC-PI-2 Rev7.0
Bit Error Rate	BER			10 ⁻¹²		
Operating Temp (Standard)	Тор	0		70	°C	Case temperature
Operating Temp (Industrial)	T_{OP}	-40		+85	°C	Case temperature
Storage Temperature	Tsto	- 40		50	°C	Ambient temperature
Supply Current	ls		230	300	mA	For electrical power interface
Input Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.46	V	
Maximum Voltage	VMAX	- 0.5		4	V	For electrical power interface



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Optical Characteristics - Transmitter

Vcc=3.13V to 3.46V, Tc=-40°C to 85°C

Parameter Parame	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Output Optical Power	PTX	0		5	dBm	Class 1 Product
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	1470	1490	1510	nm	
Optical Modulation Amplitude	OMA	174			uW	Equivalent extinction ratio specification for FC
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30				
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20% - 80%)	T _{RF_IN}		150	260	ps	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			- 120	dB/Hz	
Deterministic Jitter Contribution	TX_∆DJ		30	60	ps	
Total Jitter Contribution	TX_ ∆ TJ		60	120	ps	

Optical Characteristics - Receiver

Vcc=3.13V to 3.46V. Tc=-40°C to 85°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Remarks
Optical Receiver Power	P_{RX}			0	dBm	Average
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1260		1360	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity @ 1.063GBd	Rx_sen1			- 27	dBm	FC-PI-2 Rev7.0
Receiver Sensitivity @ 1.25GBd	Rx_sen2			- 27	dBm	IEEE 802.3
Optical Return Loss	ORL	14			dB	
Optical Isolation	ISO			- 40	dB	
Loss of Signal-Asserted	P _{LOS_A}	- 30			dBm	
Loss of Signal-Deasserted	P _{LOS_D}			- 28	dBm	
Loss of Signal-Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Electrical Characteristics – Transmitter

 $V_{CC}=3.13V$ to 3.46V, $T_{C}=-40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C

Parameter Parame	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Input differential impedance	RIN		100		Ω	Non condensing
Single ended data input swing	V _{IN_PP}	250		1200	mV	
Transmit disable voltage	V_D	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit enable voltage	VEN	VEE		V _{EE} +0.8	V	
Transmit disable assert time				10	us	

Electrical Characteristics - Receiver

Vcc=3.13V to 3.46V, Tc=-40°C to 85° C

Parameter Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Single ended data output swing	Vout_pp	300	400	800	mV	
Data output rise/fall time (20%-80%)	T_R			300	ps	
LOS Fault	V_{LOS_Fault}	Vcc-0.5		V _{CC_HOS}	V	
				Т		
LOS Normal	V _{LOS_normal}	VEE		V _{EE} +0.5	V	

Digital Diagnostic Functions

1000Base-BXD-60km-Ind support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP MSA. Digital diagnostic information is accessible over the 2-wire interface at the address 0xA2. Digital Diagnostics for 1000Base-BXD-60km-Ind are internally calibrated by default. A micro controller unit inside the transceiver gathers the monitoring information and reports the status of transceiver.



Transceiver Temperature, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit signed twos complement value in increments of 1/256 degrees Celsius, Temperature accuracy is better than ±3 degrees Celsius over specified operating temperature and voltage.

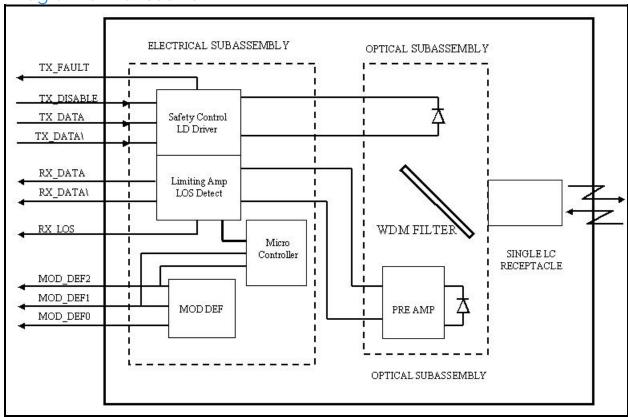
Transceiver Supply Power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the voltage defined as the full 16 bit value (0 - 65535) with LSB equal to 100 µVolt, yielding a total range of 0 to +6.55 Volts.

Transceiver TX bias current, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the current defined as the full 16 bit value (0 - 65535) with LSB equal to 2 µA, yielding a total range of 0 to 131mA. Accuracy is better than ±10% over specified operating temperature and voltage.

Transceiver TX output power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the power defined as the full 16 bit value (0 - 65535) with LSB equal to 0.1 µW. Data is assumed to be based on measurement of laser monitor photodiode current. Accuracy is better than ±3dB over specified temperature and voltage. Data is not valid when the transmitter is disabled.

Transceiver RX received optical power, internally measured, represented as a 16 bit unsigned integer with the power defined as the full 16 bit 35 value (0 - 65535) with LSB equal to 0.1 µW. Accuracy is better than ±3dB over specified temperature and voltage.

Block Diagram of Transceiver



Transmitter Section

The DFB driver accepts differential input data and provide bias and modulation currents for driving a laser. An automatic powercontrol (APC) feedback loop is incorporated to maintain a constant average optical power. 1550 nm DFB in an eye safe optical subassembly (OSA) mates to the fiber cable.





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TX_DISABLE

The TX_DISABLE signal is high (TTL logic "1") to turn off the laser output. The laser will turn on within 1ms when TX_DISABLE is low (TTL logic "0").

TX_FAULT

When the TX_FAULT signal is high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation.

Receiver Section

The receiver utilizes a PIN detector integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier in an OSA. This OSA is connected to a Limiting Amplifier which providing post-amplification quantization, and optical signal detection. The limiting Amplifier is AC-coupled to the transimpedance amplifier, with internal 100Ω differential termination.

Receive Loss (RX_LOS)

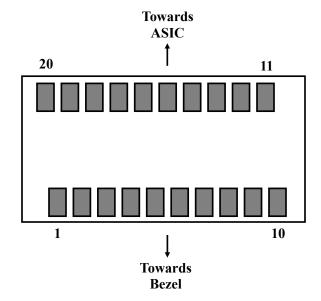
The RX_LOS is high (logic "1") when there is no incoming light from the companion transceiver. This signal is normally used by the system for the diagnostic purpose. The signal is operated in TTL level.

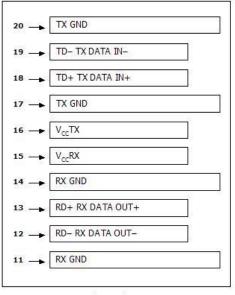
Controller Section

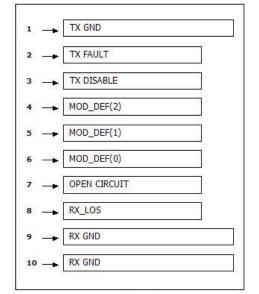
The micro controller unit monitors the operation information of LD driver and Limiting Amplifier. And report these status to the customer.

FluxLight, Inc. Tel: 888-874-7574

Electrical Pad Layout







Top of Board

Bottom of Board



Pin Assignment

PIN#	Symbol	Description	Remarks		
1	VEET	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground		
2	Tfault	Transmitter Fault. Not supported			
3	Tois	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disable on high or open	Disabled: T _{DIS} >2V or open Enabled: T _{DIS} <0.8V		
4	MOD_DEF (2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for serial ID	Should Be pulled up with 4.7k – 10k ohm on host		
5	MOD_DEF (1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for serial ID	board to a voltage between 2V and 3.6V		
6	MOD_DEF (o)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module			
7	Rate Select	No connection required			
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation	LOS is open collector output		
9	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Circuit ground is isolated		
10	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	from chassis ground		
11	V_{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)			
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC coupled			
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC coupled			
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground (common with transmitter ground)	Circuit ground is isolated from chassis ground		
15	V_{CCR}	Receiver power supply			
16	Vсст	Transmitter power supply			
17	Veet	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is connected to chassis ground		
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC coupled			
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC coupled			
20	Veet	Transmitter ground (common with receiver ground)	Circuit ground is connected to chassis ground		

References

- 1. IEEE standard 802.3. IEEE Standard Department, 2005.
- 2. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), September 2000.
- 3. Fiber Channel Draft Physical Interface Specification (FC-PI-2 Rev7.0).
- 4. Digital Diagnostics Monitoring Interface for Optical Transceivers SFF-8472.
- 5. Fiber Channel Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH/PH2/PH3).